

Szkolenie: Oracle  
MySQL for Beginners

| FORMA SZKOLENIA  | MATERIAŁY SZKOLENIOWE | CENA            | CZAS TRWANIA |
|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Stacjonarne      | Cyfrowe               | 4000 PLN NETTO* | 4 dni        |
| Stacjonarne      | Tablet CTAB           | 4600 PLN NETTO* | 4 dni        |
| Metoda dlearning | Cyfrowe               | 4000 PLN NETTO* | 4 dni        |
| Metoda dlearning | Tablet CTAB           | 4000 PLN NETTO* | 4 dni        |

\* (+VAT zgodnie z obowiązującą stawką w dniu wystawienia faktury)

## LOKALIZACJE

Kraków - ul. Tatarska 5, II piętro, godz. 9:00 - 16:00

Warszawa - ul. Bielska 17, godz. 9:00 - 16:00

## Cel szkolenia:

The **MySQL for Beginners** course helps you learn about the world's most popular open source database. Expert Oracle University instructors will teach you how to use the MySQL Server and tools, while helping you develop deeper knowledge of using relational databases.

## Plan szkolenia:

- Introduction to MySQL
  - Course Goals
  - Course Lesson Map
  - MySQL Overview
  - MySQL Database Server Editions
  - MySQL Products
  - MySQL Services and Support
  - MySQL Resources
  - Example Databases
- MySQL Server and Client
  - MySQL Client/Server Model
  - Communication protocols
  - MySQL Connectors

- The LAMP Stack
- Installation of the MySQL server
- MySQL Server and Client Startup
- Keyboard Editing
- Session Logging With the tee File
- Database Basics
  - Basics of Relational Databases
  - Spreadsheet Versus Database
  - Entities and Relationships
  - Relationship Categories
  - SQL Language and MySQL
  - SQL data definition language
  - SQL data manipulation language
- Database Design
  - Database Modeling
  - Structure and Cardinality Diagram (ERD)
  - Keys
  - Normalization
  - Database Design
  - Viewing and Evaluating a Database
- Table Data Types
  - Data Types as Part of Database Design
  - Numeric Data Types
  - Temporal Data Types
  - Character String Data Types
  - Character Set and Collation Support
  - Binary String Data Types
  - Data Type Considerations
  - The Meaning of NULL
- Database and Table Creation
  - Creating a Database
  - Creating a Table
  - Showing How a Table Was Created
  - Column Options
  - Table Options
  - Table Indexing

- Table Constraints
- Basic Queries
  - The SELECT Statement
  - Troubleshooting
  - SQL Modes for Syntax Checking
  - Common SQL Modes
  - MySQL Workbench for SQL Development
- Database and Table Maintenance
  - Deleting databases and tables
  - Creating a new table using an existing table
  - Confirming the creation of a new table
  - Copying an existing table structure
  - Creating a temporary table
  - Adding, removing and modifying table columns
  - Adding, removing and modifying indexes and constraints
- Table Data Manipulation
  - Manipulating Table Row Data
  - The INSERT Statement
  - The REPLACE Statement
  - The UPDATE Statement
  - The DELETE Statement
- Functions
  - Functions in MySQL Expressions
  - Using Functions
  - String Functions
  - Temporal Functions
  - Numeric Functions
  - Control Flow Functions
  - Aggregate Functions
  - Spaces in Function Names
- Exporting and Importing Data
  - Exporting with a Query
  - Exporting with a MySQL Utility
  - Importing from a Data File
  - Importing with a MySQL Utility
- Joining Tables

- Combining Multiple Tables
- Joining Tables with SELECT
- Comma-Separated Joins
- Inner Joins
- Outer Joins
- Table Name Aliases
- Table Subqueries
  - Advantages of Using a Subquery
  - Placement of Subqueries
  - Subquery Categories
  - Subquery Result Table Types
  - Subquery Type/Placement
  - Finding Mismatches
  - Modifying Tables using Subqueries
  - Converting Joins to Subqueries
- MySQL Graphical User Interface Tools
  - MySQL Workbench
  - MySQL Enterprise Monitor
- Supplementary Information
  - Storage Engines
  - Creating Views
  - Transactions
  - Retrieving Metadata
  - Performance Schema
  - MySQL Enterprise Backup
- Conclusion
  - Course Goals
  - MySQL Curriculum Path
  - MySQL Resources
  - Evaluation
  - Final Q&A

## Wymagania:

- Basic computer literacy is required
- Previous experience with any command-line program.

- Knowledge of database concepts.

## Poziom trudności



## Certyfikaty:

Uczestnicy szkoleń otrzymają zaświadczenia o ukończeniu kursu sygnowane przez firmę Oracle.

## Prowadzący:

Autoryzowany wykładowca Oracle.