

Training: Google Cloud  
Security in Google Cloud Platform

## TRAINING TERMS

2025-05-28 | 3 days | Virtual Classroom

## TRAINING GOALS:

This course gives participants broad study of security controls and techniques on Google Cloud Platform. Through lectures, demonstrations, and hands-on labs, participants explore and deploy the components of a secure GCP solution. Participants also learn mitigation techniques for attacks at many points in a GCP-based infrastructure, including Distributed Denial-of-Service attacks, phishing attacks, and threats involving content classification and use.

This course teaches participants the following skills:

- Understanding the Google approach to security
- Managing administrative identities using Cloud Identity.
- Implementing least privilege administrative access using Google Cloud Resource Manager, Cloud IAM.
- Implementing IP traffic controls using VPC firewalls and Cloud Armor
- Implementing Identity Aware Proxy
- Analyzing changes to the configuration or metadata of resources with GCP audit logs
- Scanning for and redact sensitive data with the Data Loss Prevention API
- Scanning a GCP deployment with Forseti
- Remediating important types of vulnerabilities, especially in public access to data and VMs

This class is intended for the following job roles:

- Cloud information security analysts, architects, and engineers
- Information security/cybersecurity specialists
- Cloud infrastructure architects
- Developers of cloud applications.

## CONSPECT:

- Foundations of GCP Security
  - Understand the GCP shared security responsibility model





- Understand Google Cloud's approach to security
- Understand the kinds of threats mitigated by Google and by GCP
- Define and Understand Access Transparency and Access Approval (beta)
- Cloud Identity
  - Cloud Identity
  - Syncing with Microsoft Active Directory using Google Cloud Directory Sync
  - Using Managed Service for Microsoft Active Directory (beta )
  - Choosing between Google authentication and SAML-based SSO
  - Best practices, including DNS configuration, super admin accounts
  - Lab: Defining Users with Cloud Identity Console
- Identity, Access, and Key Management
  - GCP Resource Manager: projects, folders, and organizations
  - GCP IAM roles, including custom roles
  - GCP IAM policies, including organization policies
  - GCP IAM Labels
  - GCP IAM Recommender
  - GCP IAM Troubleshooter
  - GCP IAM Audit Logs
  - Best practices, including separation of duties and least privilege, the use of Google groups in policies, and avoiding the use of primitive roles
  - Labs: Configuring Cloud IAM, including custom roles and organization Policies
- Configuring Google Virtual Private Cloud for Isolation and Security
  - Configuring VPC firewalls (both ingress and egress rules)
  - Load balancing and SSL policies
  - Private Google API access
  - SSL proxy use
  - Best practices for VPC networks, including peering and shared VPC use, correct use of subnetworks
  - Best security practices for VPNs
  - Security considerations for interconnect and peering options
  - Available security products from partners
  - Defining a service perimeter, including perimeter bridges
  - Setting up private connectivity to Google APIs and services
  - Lab: Configuring VPC firewalls
- Securing Compute Engine: techniques and best practices
  - Compute Engine service accounts, default and customer-defined
  - IAM roles for VMs





- API scopes for VMs
- Managing SSH keys for Linux VMs
- Managing RDP logins for Windows VMs
- Organization policy controls: trusted images, public IP address, disabling serial port
- Encrypting VM images with customer-managed encryption keys and with customer-supplied encryption keys
- Finding and remediating public access to VMs
- Best practices, including using hardened custom images, custom service accounts (not the default service account), tailored API scopes, and the use of application default credentials instead of user-managed keys
- Lab: Configuring, using, and auditing VM service accounts and scopes
- Encrypting VM disks with customer-supplied encryption keys
- Lab: Encrypting disks with customer-supplied encryption keys
- Using Shielded VMs to maintain the integrity of virtual machines
- Securing cloud data: techniques and best practices
  - Cloud Storage and IAM permissions
  - Cloud Storage and ACLs
  - Auditing cloud data, including finding and remediating publicly accessible data
  - Signed Cloud Storage URLs
  - Signed policy documents
  - Encrypting Cloud Storage objects with customer-managed encryption keys and with customer-supplied encryption keys
  - Best practices, including deleting archived versions of objects after key rotation
  - Lab: Using customer-supplied encryption keys with Cloud Storage
  - Lab: Using customer-managed encryption keys with Cloud Storage and Cloud KMS
  - BigQuery authorized views
  - BigQuery IAM roles
  - Best practices, including preferring IAM permissions over ACLs
  - Lab: Creating a BigQuery authorized view
- Securing Applications: techniques and best practices
  - Types of application security vulnerabilities
  - DoS protections in App Engine and Cloud Functions
  - Cloud Security Scanner
  - Lab: Using Cloud Security Scanner to find vulnerabilities in an App Engine application
  - Identity Aware Proxy





- Lab: Configuring Identity Aware Proxy to protect a project
- Securing Kubernetes: techniques and best practices
  - Authorization
  - Securing Workloads
  - Securing Clusters
  - Logging and Monitoring
- Protecting against Distributed Denial of Service Attacks
  - How DDoS attacks work
  - Mitigations: GCLB, Cloud CDN, autoscaling, VPC ingress and egress firewalls, Cloud Armor (including its rules language)
  - Types of complementary partner products
  - Lab: Configuring GCLB, CDN, traffic blacklisting with Cloud Armor
- Protecting against content-related vulnerabilities
  - Threat: Ransomware
  - Mitigations: Backups, IAM, Data Loss Prevention API
  - Threats: Data misuse, privacy violations, sensitive/restricted/unacceptable content
  - Threat: Identity and OAuth phishing
  - Mitigations: Classifying content using Cloud ML APIs; scanning and redacting data using Data Loss Prevention API
  - Lab: Redacting Sensitive Data with Data Loss Prevention API
- Monitoring, Logging, Auditing, and Scanning
  - Security Command Center
  - Stackdriver monitoring and logging
  - Lab: Installing Stackdriver agents
  - Lab: Configuring and using Stackdriver monitoring and logging
  - VPC flow logs
  - Lab: Viewing and using VPC flow logs in Stackdriver
  - Cloud audit logging
  - Lab: Configuring and viewing audit logs in Stackdriver
  - Deploying and Using Forseti
  - Lab: Inventorying a Deployment with Forseti Inventory (demo)
  - Lab: Scanning a Deployment with Forseti Scanner (demo)

## REQUIREMENTS:

To get the most out of this course, participants should have:





- Prior completion of Google Cloud Platform Fundamentals: Core Infrastructure or equivalent experience
- Prior completion of Networking in Google Cloud Platform or equivalent experience
- Knowledge of foundational concepts in information security:
  - Fundamental concepts:
    - vulnerability, threat, attack surface
    - confidentiality, integrity, availability
- Common threat types and their mitigation strategies
- Public-key cryptography
  - Public and private key pairs
  - Certificates
  - Cipher types
  - Key width
- Certificate authorities
- Transport Layer Security/Secure Sockets Layer encrypted communication
- Public key infrastructures
- Security policy
- Basic proficiency with command-line tools and Linux operating system environments
- Systems Operations experience, including deploying and managing applications, either on-premises or in a public cloud environment
- Reading comprehension of code in Python or JavaScript

## Difficulty level



## CERTIFICATE:

The participants will obtain certificates signed by Google Cloud.

This course additionally prepares you for **Professional Cloud Security Engineer** certification exam available at Kryterion test centers.

## TRAINER:

Authorized Google Cloud Platform Trainer.

