

Training: Capstone Courseware
162-JB Java EE Persistence with Hibernate

FORM OF TRAINING	MATERIALS	PRICE	DURATION
Traditional	Hardcopy	940 EUR	4 days
Traditional	CTAB Tablet	1040 EUR	4 days
Distance learning	Hardcopy	940 EUR	4 days
Distance learning	CTAB Tablet	940 EUR	4 days

LOCATIONS

Krakow - 5 Tatarska Street, II floor, hours: 9:00 am - 4:00 pm

Warsaw - 17 Bielska Street, hours: 9:00 am - 4:00 pm

TRAINING GOALS:

Version 2.1

This course offers a comprehensive and detail-oriented treatment of **Hibernate®** and the **Java Persistence API (JPA)** and their use in the **Java-EE** environment. We cover JPA basics including simple object/relational concepts and annotations, persistence contexts and entity managers, and configuration via persistence.xml. We get a good grounding in the **Java Persistence Query Language (JPQL)** and take advantage of a prepared JPQL query console to explore the two schemas on which the course's case studies are based. We then look at practical issues involved in using JPA in the enterprise context, including **Java EE Bean Validation**, working with server-managed data sources, dependency injection, container-managed transactions, and transaction propagation.

This version of the course supports JPA 2.1 with Hibernate 5.0. EclipseLink 2.6 is deployed with the course software as well; switching providers is just a matter of moving a few lines in and out of XML comments in the relevant persistence.xml file, and we encourage instructors to demonstrate both providers, to illustrate portability and for comparison of some finer points.

The course also supports either the Derby or Oracle RDBMS. Derby is bundled with the course software and is pre-configured; a script is included to change over to Oracle configurations for all exercises and schema-creation scripts are available for both.

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Learning Objectives

- Understand the value of object/relational mapping and JPA's role as a standard for ORM

implementations.

- Develop JPA entities using JPA annotations to align the Java classes, properties, and types to relational tables, columns, and types.
- Create entity managers and instantiate persistence contexts to perform create/retrieve/update/delete (CRUD) operations.
- Implement entity relationships of all cardinalities, including unidirectional and bidirectional relationships.
- Map composite primary keys, inheritance relationships, eager/lazy fetching, and cascading operations.
- Use JPQL to write object-oriented queries, and process query results.
- Define JSR-303 validation constraints on JPA entities and see them enforced by the JPA provider.
- Use server-managed data sources.
- Take advantage of Java-EE dependency injection to connect entity managers and factories.
- Use annotations to direct container-managed transactions and to control transaction propagation.

CONSPECT:

- Introduction to JPA
 - Object/Relational Mapping
 - Mismatches Between Relational and Object Models
 - The Java Persistence API
 - Hibernate
 - Architecture
 - Entity Metadata
 - The Entity Manager
- Single-Table Mapping
 - Annotations
 - JavaBean Standards
 - Property, Field, and Mixed Access
 - Table and Column Mapping
 - Primary Keys and Key Generation
 - Type Mappings
 - Temporal and Enumerated Types
 - Embedded Types
 - Converters
- Mapping Associations
 - @Embeddable Types

- Entity Relationships
- @ManyToOne Relationships
- @OneToOne Relationships
- @OneToMany Relationships
- @ManyToMany Relationships
- Eager and Lazy Loading
- Entity Managers
 - Putting Entities to Work
 - persistence.xml
 - Entity State and Transitions
 - Managing Transactions
 - Persistence Operations
 - Creating Queries
 - Named Queries
 - Query Parameters
 - Native Queries
 - Stored-Procedure Queries
- JPQL
 - The Java Persistence Query Language
 - HQL and JPQL
 - Query Structure
 - Path Expressions
 - Filtering
 - Scalar Functions
 - Using Native Functions
 - Operators and Precedence
 - between, like, in
 - is null, is empty
 - Ordering
 - Aliases
 - Grouping
 - Aggregate Functions
 - Joins
 - Fetch Joins
 - Constructors
 - Updates and Deletes

- Persistence Components
 - Encapsulating Persistence Logic
 - Design Considerations
 - Testability
 - Transaction Control
 - Exception Handling
 - Generic Types
- Advanced Mappings
 - Inheritance Strategies
 - Single-Table Strategy
 - Joined-Table Strategy
 - Table-Per-Concrete-Class Strategy
 - Querying Over Inheritance Relationships
 - Type Identification with .class
 - Secondary Tables
 - Composite Primary Keys
 - @IdClass and @EmbeddedId
 - Derived Identifiers
 - @ElementCollection
 - Default Values
 - @Version Fields
 - Cascading and Orphan Removal
 - Detachment and Merging
 - Hibernate Extensions
 - The @Type Annotation
- Validation
 - JSR-303 Validation
 - Constraint Annotations
 - Validation Modes
 - Validation Groups
 - Handling Validation Exceptions
- JPA in Java EE
 - Enterprise Applications
 - Dependency Injection
 - Separation of Concerns
 - JNDI

- JDBC Data Sources
- @PersistenceUnit and @PersistenceContext
- Container-Managed Transactions
- Enterprise JavaBeans
- @Stateful and @Stateless
- @EJB
- @TransactionAttribute
- Logging Transactions
- Impact on Exception Handling
- Persistence-Context Duration
- Extended Persistence Contexts
- Testability

REQUIREMENTS:

- A strong [Java programming](#) background is essential for this course -- consider Course 103
- Knowledge of relational database concepts and SQL is recommended -- consider Course 301 [Introduction to SQL](#) -- but is not strictly required.
- Prior experience with [JDBC](#) will be a plus but is not required.

Difficulty level



CERTIFICATE:

The participants will obtain certificates signed by Capstone Courseware.

TRAINER:

Authorized Capstone Courseware Trainer.